## ROHDE\&SCHWARZ USER MANUAL



Matrix Module B
TS-PMB

## User Manual <br> for ROHDE \& SCHWARZ Matrix Module B TS-PMB

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## Safety Instructions



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# Ronde \& Schwartz GmbH \& Co. KG 

Mühldorfstrasse 15
D-81671 München
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for the scope
Design and Development, Production, Sales, Services of Electronic-Measurement and Communication-Equipment and Systems
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An audit, documented in a report, has verified that this quality management system fulfills the requirements of the following standard:

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December 2000 edition
The quality management system of the sites marked with (*) in the annex fulfills the requirements set out by the international and German Road Traffic Regulations including the approval objects as listed in the appendix.

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| Certificate Registration No. | 001954 QM/ST |
| Frankfurt am Main | $2005-01-24$ |

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It was verified by the Notified Body that the supplementary requirements of the Annex V of the
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The international and German Road Traffic Law was audited regarding the following approval objects:

## No.: 22 Electrical/Electronic Sub Assembly

# Annex to Certificate Registration No.: 001954 QM ST 

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Our team will discuss your queries and look for solutions to your problems.

The Hotline is open Mondays to Fridays from 08.00 to 17.00 hrs.

For queries outside office hours, you can leave a message or send a note via fax or email. We will then get back to you as soon as possible.

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## 1 Usage

### 1.1 General

The ROHDE \& SCHWARZ Matrix Module B TS-PMB allows the universal interconnection of test points and measuring instruments. This can be done locally or using the analog bus. The TS-PMB can be used in the CompactTSVP and the PowerTSVP (TSVP = Test System Versatile Platform). Typical product test applications are in the fields of communications, automotive electronics and general industrial electronics, especially for analog In -Circuit Testing with a large number of channels.

The TS-PMB is plugged into the front part of the TSVP chassis.
The front connector ends flush with the front panel of the TSVP chassis and is used for contacting the UUTs. An adapter frame can also be used if necessary.

At the rear, the TS-PMB is connected with connector X 20 to the cPCI backplane when used in the CompactTSVP or to the control backplane when used in the PowerTSVP. Connector X30 is used to connect the TS-PMB to the analog bus backplane. This connector can be used to make connections with other plug-in modules (e.g. measuring modules) or external instruments.

### 1.2 Characteristics

| Characteristics TS-PMB |
| :--- |
| Access to the analog bus (8-wire) |
| Full matrix with 4 buses with 90 pins |
| Full matrix with 8 buses with 45 pins |
| 3 Instrument ports |
| Parallel test with two 4-wire systems |
| In-Circuit Test wiring for 6-wire measurements |
| Connection of control signals in the Powertest together with the <br> TS-PSM1 plug-in module. |
| Switchgear panel in adapters with no TSVP |
| Self-test capability |

Table 1-1 Characteristics TS-PMB

## 2 View

Figure 2-1 shows a view of the TS-PMB .


Figure 2-1 View of the TS-PMB

The cPCl connector X 1 is also fitted starting with Version V3.x.

## Matrix Module B TS-PMB

BlockDiagram

## 3 Block Diagram

Figure 3-1 shows the block diagram of the TS-PMB. A simplified view of the functional blocks can be seen in Figure 3-2 .


Figure 3-1 Block Diagram TS-PMB


Figure 3-2 Functional Block Diagram TS-PMB

## 4 Layout

### 4.1 Mechanical Layout

The TS-PMB is designed as a long plug-in board for front mounting in the TSVP chassis. The mounting depth is 300 mm , and the front panel is 4 U in height.

Connector X20 is used to make the connections with the cPCl backplane/control backplane of the TSVP. Connector X30 connects the TSPMB with the analog bus backplane in the TSVP chassis. UUTs and peripherals are connected using front connector X10.


Figure 4-1 Layout of Connectors and LED's

| Symbol | Use |
| :--- | :--- |
| X1 | cPCI Connector (only Version V3.x) |
| X10 | Front Connector |
| X20 | Extension Connector |
| X30 | Analog Bus Connector |

Table 4-1 Connectors on the TS-PMB

### 4.2 Display Elements

## (see Figure 4-1 )

The front panel of the TS-PMB contains three LEDs with the following functions:

| LED | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| ERR <br> (red) | Error: <br> Lights up when a fault is detected on the TS-PMB in the <br> power-on test after the supply voltage is switched on. |
| COM <br> (yellow) | Communication: <br> Lights up briefly when the TS-PMB is accessed via the <br> interface. |
| Power <br> (green) | Power: <br> Lights up when all supply voltages are present. |

Table 4-2 Display Elements on the TS-PMB

## LED Test:

When voltage is powered up all three LED's light up for around 1 second. This ensures that the 5 V supply is present and that the LED's and power-on test are functioning.

## 5 Function Description

### 5.1 Signal Concept

The TS-PMB allows the optional connection of measuring instruments to pins on test products. Connections can be made locally within the module or with other modules using the R\&S analog bus. This means that no constraints need to be allowed for when wiring test product adapters because the measurement paths are created by software.

The ability to connect measuring instruments to the back of the TSVP avoids cross-connections at the adapter interface. The unit's extreme compactness makes it possible to accommodate measuring systems with a number of PXI instruments and a switch panel with a large number of pins in a single device (one-box solution), making is particularly suitable for in-circuit testing.

The ground can be connected to the front connector via the ground relay (GND - GNDNO).

### 5.2 Scalability

The TS-PMB has two switching matrices ( $4 \times 45$ ). These can also be configured as 8 buses $\times 45$ pins with external connection or 4 buses $x$ 90 pins, e.g. using plug-in module TS-PSAM via the analog bus (see Figure 3-2).

Three additional instrument inputs (IL1 ... IL3) can be used to connect measuring instruments at the rear. Up to12 modules can be used in the CompactTSVP.

The switch panel can be divided into two 4-wire part buses for the parallel test. The number of pins can be increased to 16 modules with the PowerTSVP.

### 5.3 Noise Immunity

The signal concept with the analog bus remote from the Compact PCI bus and the triggering via the CAN bus guarantee good signal quality. Despite the unit's compact size, DC and AC voltages up 125 V (rms) can be connected and passed to other modules.

### 5.4 Relay Matrix

The matrix is designed as a part matrix, i.e. each even I/O channel (e.g. P 2 ) can be switched to an even part bus (e.g. LABA2) and each odd I/O channel (e.g. P1) can be switched to an off part bus (e.g. LABA1) (see Section 3, Block Diagram). This does not apply to channels IL1 ... IL3, which can be switched to all lines of the local analog bus.

Coupling relays separate the local analog bus lines (LAB) on the TSPMB from the bus lines on the analog bus backplane. The firmware automatically switches these relays selectively when at least one I/O channel is switched to the corresponding local analog bus. When an I/O channel is no longer switched to a bus, the corresponding coupling relay is automatically opened. This function can be turned on or off at any time. The coupling relays can also be switched manually.

### 5.5 Interfaces

(see Figure 3-2)
The SPI interface (Serial Peripheral Interface) is used for communication with rear I/O modules. The TS-PMB is controlled via CAN interface (Controller Area Network).

### 5.6 Power supply

The TS-PMB is operated with a voltage of 5 V . The power supply is provided through connector X20 for Versions V1.x and V2.x. In Version V3.x the power supply is provided via connector X20 or connector X1. All versions of the TS-PMB can be operated in the CompactTSVP TS-PCA3 and in the PowerTSVP TS-PWA3.

Since the CompactTSVP TS-PCA3 no longer makes a 5-V power supply available on connector X20 starting with backplane Version V4.x , only TS-PMB modules of Version V3.x can be operated with this backplane version. TS-PMB modules of Version V2.x require a change to TAZ 2.14 and a rear IO module TS-PRIO.

## ROHDE\&SCHWARZ

## 6 Commissioning

### 6.1 Installing the Plug-In Module

To install the plug-in module, proceed as follows:

- Run down and power off the TSVP
- Select a suitable front slot
- Remove the front panel from the TSVP chassis by slackening off the screws

|  | WARNING! |
| :--- | :--- |
| Check the backplane connectors for bent pins! Any bent pins |  |
| must be straightened! |  |
| Failure to do this may permanently damage the backplane! |  |

- Insert the plug-in module using moderate pressure
- The top snap pin on the module must locate in the right-hand and the bottom pin in the left-hand hole on the TSVP chassis


## WARNING!

Use both hands to guide the module and carefully plug it into the backplane connectors

- The module is correctly located when a distinct 'stop' can be felt
- Tighten the top and bottom screws on the front panel of the plugin module


### 6.2 Initializing the Plug-In Module

Once the system has been powered up, the TS-PMB is initialized. Signals GA0 ... GA5 on the cPCI bus are used for slot detection.

### 6.3 Operation in the CompactTSVP TS-PCA3

(starting with CompactTSVP TS-PCA3 with backplane version V4.x)
Matrix modules B TS-PMB with change status V2.x (recognisable from the lack of connector X1) require a hardware change to TAZ 2.14 and a Rear IO Module TS-PRIO plugged in to operated in the CompactTSVP TS-PCA3 with backplane version V4.x (starting with serial number 100109). The 5-V power supply and CAN bus are supplied via the TS-PRIO.

## 7 Software

### 7.1 Driver Software

A LabWindows CVI driver is provided for the TS-PMB. This driver satisfies the IVI Switch specification. The driver is part of the ROHDE \& SCHWARZ GTSL software. All the functions of the driver are described fully in the on-line help.

The following software modules are installed during driver installation:

| Module | Path | Remarks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| rspmb.dll | <GTSL Directory>\Bin | Driver |
| rspmb.hlp | <GTSL Directory>\Bin | Help file |
| rspmb.fp | <GTSL Directory>\Bin | LabWindows CVI Function Panel file, <br> Function Panels for CVI development en- <br> vironment |
| rspmb.sub | <GTSL Directory>\Bin | LabWindows CVI attribute file This files is <br> needed by some „Function Panels". |
| rspmb.lib | <GTSL Directory>\Lib | Import library |
| rspmb.h | <GTSL Directory>\Include | Header file for the driver |

Table 7-1 Driver Installation TS-PMB


## NOTE:

The IVI and VISA libraries of National Instruments are needed to run the driver.

### 7.2 Softpanel

The software package of the TS-PMB includes a softpanel (see example in Figure 7-1). The softpanel enables the user to execute the functions of the TS-PMB listed in the menu with on-screen mouse clicks.


Figure 7-1 Softpanel TS-PMB (example)

### 7.3 TS-PMB Program Example

```
/*
            Connection between ABal and ABb1 with TS-PMB in Slot 12
        The coding rules of a GTSL software like
        allocating and locking the resource, or error handling
        are not considered in this example.
        It`s just to show the function calls to get the connection.
*/
/*
    rspmb ivi-driver header file
*/
#include "rspmb.h"
static ViStatus s_status;
main()
{
    /*
            Creates a new IVI instrument driver and optionally sets the initial
                state of the session attributes
            "CANO::0::1::12": CAN board 0, Bus Controller 0, Frame 1, Slot 12
        */
s_status = r
    /*
        This function sets/opens automatically the bus coupling relays
        (local analog bus to analog bus) if a path is created/closed.
    */
    s_status = rspmb_SetAttributeViBoolean (handle, "",
RSPMB_ATTR_CR_AUTO, VI_TRUE);
    /*
        This function creates a path between channel ABal and P1.
        The driver calculates the shortest path between the two channels.
    */
    s_status = rspmb_Connect (handle, "ABa1", "P1");
    s_status = rspmb_Connect (handle, "ABb1", "P1");
    /*
        Connection between ABa1 and ABb1 exists.
    */
    /*
        Opens the path between Channel ABal and LABa1.
```

```
    */
    s_status = rspmb_Disconnect (handle, "ABa1", "P1");
    s_status = rspmb_Disconnect (handle, "ABb1", "P1");
    s_status = rspmb_close (handle);
}
```


## 8 Self-Test

The TS-PMB has a built-in self-test capability. The following tests are possible:

- LED Test:
- Power-on test
- TSVP Self-Test


### 8.1 LED Test:

After power-on, all three LED's light up for around one second to indicate that the 5 V supply is present, all LED's are working and the poweron test was successful. The following statements can be made about the different LED statuses:

| LED | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| One LED does <br> not light up | Hardware problem on the module |
| No LED's light <br> up | No +5 V supply |

Table 8-1 Statements about the LED Test

### 8.2 Power-On Test

The power-on test runs at the same time as the LED test. The red LED lights up if a fault is found on the module. This is just a test of the cPCl interface and the firmware of the TS-PMB .

### 8.3 TSVP Self-Test

The TSVP self-test runs an in-depth test on the module and generates a detailed log.

The TS-PSAM modules is used as a measuring unit of R\&S modules in the TSVP. The correct operation of the modules is ensured by measurements on the analog bus.

## NOTE:

You will find information about starting the self-test and on the sequence of necessary steps in the Service Manual.

## 9 Interface description

### 9.1 Connector X10



Figure 9-1 Connector X10 (mating side)

| Pin | A | B | C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | P1 | P33 | P65 |
| 2 | P2 | P34 | P66 |
| 3 | P3 | P35 | P67 |
| 4 | P4 | P36 | P68 |
| 5 | P5 | P37 | P69 |
| 6 | P6 | P38 | P70 |
| 7 | P7 | P39 | P71 |
| 8 | P8 | P40 | P72 |
| 9 | P9 | P41 | P73 |
| 10 | P10 | P42 | P74 |
| 11 | P11 | P43 | P75 |
| 12 | P12 | P44 | P76 |
| 13 | P13 | P45 | P77 |
| 14 | P14 | P46 | P78 |
| 15 | P15 | P47 | P79 |
| 16 | P16 | P48 | P80 |
| 17 | P17 | P49 | P81 |
| 18 | P18 | P50 | P82 |
| 19 | P19 | P51 | P83 |
| 20 | P20 | P52 | P84 |
| 21 | P21 | p53 | P85 |
| 22 | P22 | P54 | P86 |
| 23 | P23 | P55 | P87 |
| 24 | P24 | P56 | P88 |
| 25 | P25 | P57 | P89 |
| 26 | P26 | P58 | P90 |
| 27 | P27 | P59 | GNDNO |
| 28 | P28 | P60 | GNDNO |
| 29 | P29 | P61 | GNDNO |
| 30 | P30 | P62 | GND |
| 31 | P31 | P63 | GND |
| 32 | P32 | P64 | CHA-GND |

Table 9-1 X10 Pinning Schedule

## Note:

Signal CHA-GND (chassis GND) is connected to the front panel of theTS-PMB

### 9.2 Connector X20



Figure 9-2 Connector X20 (mating side)
$\mathrm{NC}=$ not connected, $\mathrm{NP}=$ not populated

| Pin | F | E | D | C | B | A | Z | X20 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22 |  | GAO | GA1 | GA2 | GA3 | GA4 |  |  |
| 21 |  | PXI_LBR3 | PXI_LBR2 | PXI_LBR1 | GA5 | PXI_LBR0 |  |  |
| 20 |  | PXI_LBL1 | GND | PXI_LBL0 | AUX1 | AUX2 |  |  |
| 19 |  | AUX1 | AUX2 | PXI_LBL3 | GND | PXI_LBL2 |  |  |
| 18 |  | PXI_TRIG6 | GND/NC *1) | PXI_TRIG5 | PXI_TRIG4 | PXI_TRIG3 |  |  |
| 17 |  | PXI_CLK10 | AUX4 | AUX3 | GND | PXI_TRIG2 |  |  |
| 16 |  | PXI_TRIG7 | GND | AUX5 | PXI_TRIG0 | PXI_TRIG1 |  |  |
| 15 |  | $+5 \mathrm{~V}$ | $+5 \mathrm{~V}$ | AUX6 | GND |  |  |  |
| 14 | NC |  |  |  |  |  | NC | C |
| 13 | NC |  |  |  |  |  | NC | O |
| 12 | NP | LABA1 |  |  |  | LABC1 | NP | N |
| 11 | NP |  |  | IL1 |  |  | NP | N |
| 10 | NC | LABB1 |  |  |  | LABD1 | NC | E |
| 9 | NC |  |  | IL3 |  |  | NC | C |
| 8 | NC | LABA2 |  |  |  | LABC2 | NC | T |
| 7 | NC |  |  | IL2 |  |  | NC | $\bigcirc$ |
| 6 | NC | LABB2 |  |  |  | LABD2 | NC | R |
| 5 | NC |  |  |  |  |  | NC |  |
| 4 | NC |  |  |  |  |  | NC |  |
| 3 |  | RSAO | RRST\# | +12V | GND | RSDO |  |  |
| 2 |  | +12V | RSDI | RSA1 | +5V | RSCLK |  |  |
| 1 |  | $+5 \mathrm{~V}$ | CAN_L | CAN_H | GND | RCS\# |  |  |
| Pin | F | E | D | C | B | A | Z |  |

```
Rear IO incompatible PXI
PXI signals
R\&S Rear IO control (SPI)
```

GA3.. 0 at GND or N.C.
GA5.. 4 at jumper field, GA5 only TS-PWA3
High Voltage, incompatible PXI
*1) N.C. only in V2.14 (special requirement for use in TS-PCA3 backplane V4.x, additionally rear-IO-module TS-PRIO required)
Table 9-2 X20 Pinning Schedule (Version 2.X)

| Pin | F | E | D | C | B | A | Z | X20 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22 |  | GAO | GA1 | GA2 | GA3 | GA4 |  |  |
| 21 |  |  |  |  | GA5 |  |  |  |
| 20 |  |  | GND |  | AUX1 | AUX2 |  |  |
| 19 |  | AUX1 | AUX2 |  | GND | -12V |  |  |
| 18 |  | PXI_TRIG6 | GND / CAN_EN in V3. | PXI_TRIG5 | PXI_TRIG4 | PXI_TRIG3 |  |  |
| 17 |  | PXI_CLK10 |  |  | GND | PXI_TRIG2 |  |  |
| 16 |  | PXI_TRIG7 | GND |  | PXI_TRIG0 | PXI_TRIG1 |  |  |
| 15 |  |  | $+5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | GND |  |  |  |
| 14 | NC |  |  |  |  |  | NC | C |
| 13 | NC |  |  |  |  |  | NC | O |
| 12 | NP | LABA1 |  |  |  | LABC1 | NP | N |
| 11 | NP |  |  | IL1 |  |  | NP | N |
| 10 | NC | LABB1 |  |  |  | LABD1 | NC | E |
| 9 | NC |  |  | IL3 |  |  | NC | C |
| 8 | NC | LABA2 |  |  |  | LABC2 | NC | T |
| 7 | NC |  |  | IL2 |  |  | NC | O |
| 6 | NC | LABB2 |  |  |  | LABD2 | NC | R |
| 5 | NC |  |  |  |  |  | NC |  |
| 4 | NC |  |  |  |  |  | NC |  |
| 3 |  | RSAO | RRST\# |  | GND | RSDO |  |  |
| 2 |  | +12V | RSDI | RSA1 |  | RSCLK |  |  |
| 1 |  | $+5 \mathrm{~V}$ | CAN_L | CAN_H | GND | RCS\# |  |  |
| Pin | F | E | D | C | B | A | Z |  |

Table 9-3 X20 Pinning Schedule (Version 3.X)

### 9.3 Connector X1 (only Version 3.x)



Figure 9-3 Connector X1 (mating side)

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Pin \& F \& E \& D \& C \& B \& A \& Z \& \multirow{25}{*}{X1

C
O
N
N
E
C
T
O
R} <br>
\hline 25 \& GND \& +5V_1N2 \& \& \& \& +5V_IN2 \& \& <br>
\hline 24 \& GND \& \& \& \& +5V_IN2 \& \& \& <br>
\hline 23 \& GND \& \& +5V_IN2 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 22 \& GND \& \& \& \& GND \& \& \& <br>
\hline 21 \& GND \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 20 \& GND \& \& \& \& GND \& \& \& <br>
\hline 19 \& GND \& \& GND \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 18 \& GND \& \& \& \& GND \& \& \& <br>
\hline 17 \& GND \& \& GND \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 16 \& GND \& \& \& \& GND \& \& \& <br>
\hline 15 \& GND \& \& GND \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 12..14 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 11 \& GND \& \& GND \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 10 \& GND \& \& \& \& GND \& \& \& <br>
\hline 9 \& GND \& \& GND \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 8 \& GND \& \& \& \& GND \& \& \& <br>
\hline 7 \& GND \& \& GND \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 6 \& GND \& \& \& \& GND \& \& \& <br>
\hline 5 \& GND \& \& GND \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 4 \& GND \& \& \& \& GND \& \& \& <br>
\hline 3 \& GND \& \& +5V_IN1 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 2 \& GND \& \& \& \& +5V_IN1 \& \& \& <br>
\hline 1 \& GND \& +5V_1N1 \& +12V \& \& -12V \& +5V_IN1 \& \& <br>
\hline Pin \& F \& E \& D \& C \& B \& A \& Z \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Table 9-4 X1 Pinning Schedule

### 9.4 Connector X30

|  | E | D | C | B | A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| 6 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bullet$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| 5 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - |
| 4 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | O |
| 3 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| 2 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1 | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |

Figure 9-4 Connector X30 (mating side)

| Pin | E | D | C | B | A |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | IL2_x |  |  |  | IL1_x |
| 6 |  |  | GND |  |  |
| 5 | ABC1 |  |  |  | ABA1 |
| 4 |  |  | ABB1 |  |  |
| 3 | ABC2 |  |  |  | ABB2 |
| 2 |  |  | ABA2 |  |  |
| 1 | ABD2 |  |  |  | ABD1 |

Table 9-5 X30 Pinning Schedule

## Note:

IL1_x = IL1 of the slot

## 10 Specifications



## NOTE:

In the event of any discrepancies between data in this manual and the technical data in the data sheet, the data sheet takes precedence.

## Interfaces

Control Bus CAN 2.0b (1 Mbit/s)

UUT connector (front panel)
Rear I/O connector

## Input Characteristics

Max. voltage DC/AC
Max. current DC/AC
Max. switching capacity
Switching time (incl. bounce)
(all data carry and switched, resistive load)

> Path resistance (typ.) <1 Ohm

## GND Relay

Max. voltage DC/AC
Max. current (switched)
Max. switching capacity (resistive load)

1 A/ 1 A rms
$10 \mathrm{~W} / 10 \mathrm{VA}$
0.5 ms typ.

2 A/2Arms
$60 \mathrm{~W} / 60 \mathrm{VA}$

CAN 2.0b (1 Mbit/s)
DIN 41612, 96 pins
cPCI, 110 pins
$125 \mathrm{~V} / 125 \mathrm{~V}$ rms
$125 \mathrm{~V} / 125 \mathrm{~V}$ rms

## Switching Configurations

Analog buses 8
Pins
90
Measurement lines 3
configurable as

Dual Matrix
Single Matrix
Single Matrix
Modes
Instrument inputs
GND switching relay

## Transmission Characteristics

| Max. Frequency | $>3 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| (3 dB bandwidth, 50 Ohm ) | $\geq 10 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
| Crosstalk |  |
| (channel-to-channel, 50 Ohm, typ.) |  |
| at 100 kHz | $\leq-50 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| at 1 MHz | $\leq-23 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| at 10 MHz | $\leq-15 \mathrm{~dB}$ |

## Environmental conditions

EMC

Safety
Shock
Sinusoidal Vibration
5 Hz to 55 Hz
55 Hz to 150 Hz
Noise
10 Hz to 300 Hz
Humidity

## General Data

Dimensions
Weight

Operating temperature range
$316 \times 174 \times 20 \mathrm{~mm}$
740 g
$+5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
4 buses with 45 pins
4 buses with 90 pins
8 buses with 45 pins
local or global
to all 8 buses
1
according to EMC Directive 89/336/EEC and Standard EN61326

CE, EN61010 Part 1
40 g, MIL-STD-810, MIL-T-28800D, class 3 and class 5

2 g, MIL-T-28800D, class 5
$0.5 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{MIL}-\mathrm{T}-28800 \mathrm{D}$, class 5
1.2 g
$+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 95 \%$ humidity

0 to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Storage temperature range
Current consumption

Order number
Matrix Module B TS-PMB
1143.0039 .02

## Software

GTSL basic software, CVI driver

